

## Annex A: Criteria for effective PFA training

1. Training is designed for workers caring for young children in the absence of their parents and is appropriate to the age of the children being cared for.
2. Following training an assessment of competence leads to the award of a certificate.
3. The certificate must be renewed every three years.
4. Adequate resuscitation and other equipment including baby and junior models must be provided, so that all trainees are able to practice and demonstrate techniques.
5. The **emergency PFA** course should be undertaken face-to-face and last for a minimum of 6 hours (excluding breaks) and cover the following areas:
  - Be able to assess an emergency situation and prioritise what action to take
  - Help a baby or child who is unresponsive and breathing normally
  - Help a baby or child who is unresponsive and not breathing normally
  - Help a baby or child who is having a seizure
  - Help a baby or child who is choking
  - Help a baby or child who is bleeding
  - Help a baby or child who is suffering from shock caused by severe blood loss (hypovolemic shock)
6. The **full PFA** course should last for a minimum of 12 hours (excluding breaks) and cover the areas set out in paragraph 5 as well as the following areas:
  - Help a baby or child who is suffering from anaphylactic shock
  - Help a baby or child who has had an electric shock
  - Help a baby or child who has burns or scalds
  - Help a baby or child who has a suspected fracture
  - Help a baby or child with head, neck or back injuries
  - Help a baby or child who is suspected of being poisoned
  - Help a baby or child with a foreign body in eyes, ears or nose
  - Help a baby or child with an eye injury
  - Help a baby or child with a bite or sting
  - Help a baby or child who is suffering from the effects of extreme heat or cold
  - Help a baby or child having: a diabetic emergency; an asthma attack; an allergic reaction; meningitis; and/or febrile convulsions
  - Understand the role and responsibilities of the paediatric first aider (including appropriate contents of a first aid box and the need for recording accidents and incidents)
7. Providers should consider whether paediatric first aiders need to undertake annual refresher training, during any three year certification period to help maintain basic skills and keep up to date with any changes to PFA procedures.